To the Public.

THE NEW YORK HERALD—daily newspaper—published every day of the year except New Year's day and Fourth of July. Frice 2 cents per copy—or \$7.26 per annum—postages paid—cash in advance.

THE WEEKLY HERALD—published every Saturday norning—price 61 cents per copy, or \$3.12 per annum—postages paid, cask in advance.

ADVERTISERS are informed that the circulation of the Herald is over THIRTY THOUSAND, and increasing fast. It has the largest circulation of any paper in this city,

OLD ESTABLISHED EMIGRANT PASSAGE

FOR SALE, Freight or Charter—The barque ALTOEF, of Boston, burthen 258 tons, coppered and copper fastened—built at Medford in 1842 carries about 4600 barreis. Apply to Capt Bogardus, on board, at pier 10 north river, or to

BOYD & HINCKEN Brokers. BOYD & HINCKEN Brokers,

blishea's regular line of first class New 1 Fer outs, copposite of copper fastesed ships, to sail punctually every week roughout the year.

For the accommodation of persons wishing to remitmoney to eir families or friends, drafts are given, payable at sight, on e following Banks, viz:—

Cork, Limerick, Cloumel, Loudonderry, ligo, Wesford, allina, Tralee, Outstand, Athlone, Colerain, allina, Tralee, Foughal, Consensation, Companies, Cavan, Lurgan, Gmagh, Immaannon, Bandon, Ennis, Ballyshanno, Ootelill, Kilrush.

Skibereen, Mallow, Moneymore, Atwood & Co. Bankers, London; Kurphy, Waerdon Good, Liverpool; payable in every town of Great Britain.

Far further unformation (if by letter, post paid,) apply to

JOSEPH MeMURRAY, 100 Pine street, RICHARD MURPHY, 106 Waterloo Road, Liverpool.

PASSAGE FOR LONDON-Packet of the 10th anuary. The superior fast sailing packet ship IONTREAL, Captain Tinker, will sail as above, day.

MONTREAD, Caprain Tinker, will sail as above, are day, commodate cabin, second cabin, and steerage passenmediate application is made on beard or to JOHN HERDMAN, GIS cut and the second cabin, and steerage passenment of the second cabin the seco

FOR LIVERPOOL—To sail on the 18th inst.—
The superior, fast salling barrier JOSEPH CUNARD, Capt Harrison, will sal as above, and can
comfortably accommodate a limited number of cabin passenpers, at a moderate rate, if immediate application be made on
board, at pirr 10 E. R., or to

JOHN HERDMAN,
61 Seath st.

ROCHE, BROTHERS & CO., 25 Fulton street, next door to the Fulton Ban

ROCHE, BROTHERS & CO., & Fulton street,
P. S.—The Yorkshire sails from Liverpool on the 1st March.
Persons sending for their relatives can have them brought out
in her, or in any of the packets comprising this wagnificent and
unequalled line, sating from that port punctually on the 1st
and ofth of each month. For passage apply as above.
The tacket ship CAMBRIDGE, will succeed the Yorkshire
and sail for Liverpool on the 1st February.

FOR LIVERPOOL—NEW LINE.—Regular
Packet of 186th January.—The splendid packet ship
SHERIDAN, F. A. Depher, of 1806 tons, will
stail as above, her regular day. For freighter, of 1806 tons, will
commodations unequalled for splendor comfort, apply on
board at Orleans wharf, foot of Wall street, comfort, apply on
E. K. COLLINE & CO.

Price of passage, \$106.

The packet ship Garrick, Capt. Skiddy, of 1806 tons,
will succeed the Siddons and sail the 2th February her regular
day.

day.

Passengers may rely upon the ships of this line sailing pune
tually as advertised.

d27re DACKET SHIP ROCHESTER FROM LIVERPOOL. PACKET SHIP ROCHESTER FROM LIVERPOOL.

Consignees per this ship will please send their permits on
board, at west side Putline Slip, or to the office of the undersinner, without delay. All goods not permitted in five days
are liable to be sent to the public store.

WOODHULL & MINTURNS,

67 South street. PATERSON RAILROAD

At the office on the wharf.

NAVIGATION OF THE HUDSON OPEN TO
ALBANY.

WINTER MAIL LINE FOR ALBA
NY, and latermediate places. The steamR. L. Mabey, will leave the foot of Courtlandt st. Wednesday, Friday and Smaday afternoons, at 5 o'clock.

The Steam of COLUMBIA, A. Stoughton, will leave a
above, Thurday, Saturday and Monday atternoons, at 5 o'clock.

For passage or freight, apply to F. C. Schultz at the office, or
on board.

HAVANA AGENCY.—The subscribers, egents for Mrs.
West's Boarding Pouse, will be happy to give information
to travellers bound to the Havana Orders for swars, West Individuals, attended to; accounts collected, death bought and
sold, at their General Agency Office, 128 Nassau street New
York.
N. B.—Letters and parcels forwarded by every nacket
ji0 lim*ec MASON & TUTTLE.

J10 Im*ec MASON & TUTTLE.

SALT FISH STORE.

400 BBLS. HALIFAX No. 1 SALMON; 1:05 Nos. 1, 1:00 BbLS. HALIFAX No. 1 SALMON; 1:05 Nos. 1, 1:00 bbls No. 1 Mess Shad; 1:00 bbls No. 1 Saybrook Shad; 1:00 bbls Cod ard Scale Fish; 1:00 bcs Scale (1:00 Bbls Smoked Salmon; 1:00 Bbls Smoked Sa

All for sale in lots to suit purchasers by all the real MELSON. WELLS & CO. 11 Dey street.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.

To promote the health of the body, and increase the tranquil ity of the mind, are among the most important objects to which man lives, and for most the sages of an iquity labores with increasent and incrementiting the sages of an iquity labores with increasent and incrementing the sages of an iquity labores with increasent and incrementing the sages of an iquity labores with increasent and incrementing the sages of an iquity labores with increasent and incrementing the sages of an iquity labores with increasent and incrementing spirits—to inspire confidence to the despite and of the first of the sages of the sorrowed heart. All the after an and requires mind; and case to the sorrowed heart. All the after an and requires mind; and case to the sorrowed heart. All the after and incrementing the body, may be aptly compared to the martyri in his dangeon which retains its real value but has lost its usefulness. Most or most diseases have their origin in an impure or impovershed at acts of the blood; and this being a fluid, in seneris, extending to the most minute ramifications of the system the subtle poison is infused, and the seeds, being sowed, bring fort fruit in abundance, in one iostance rausing swelling of the glands, resulting in scrofola or kings' evil, in another ossification of the arteries, and training them into bone; also, rheumatism, and disease of the heart, cutaneous eruptions, diseases of the liver, and a variety of other maladriss which soon hurry their victim to his grave. SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, and if properly administered, perfectly cure these diseases, by purifying the vital fluid regenerating the constitution, dispelling diseased action, giving tone to the general energies of the system, and enabling the blood to course in a constitution of the purchase of the system, and enabling the blood to course in a constitution of the purchase of the fluid and overcoming diseases. The purchase

Price \$1 per bottle—six bottles \$5.

LISTON'S Cr.LEBRATED MIXTURE.

LISTON'S Cr.LEBRATED MIXTURE.

LISTON'S Cr.LEBRATED MIXTURE.

Consider the United Kingdom of Great Britain, for the easy, mild and radical cure of gonorrhos, gleet, seminal weakness, and all analogous discease. It is, to speak the truth the only screen tilic remedy extant, and one that is not only countenance 1 by Assay and Contenance 1 by Assay and Contenance 2 by Assay and Contenance 2 by Assay and Contenance 3 b

Price \$1.

N. B.—Observe the English stamp over the cork of each bot tle. Secured by letters patent, so that counterfeiters will be is gally dealt with.

d19 Im*re

THE Subscriber has a had an assortment of G. J. Gayler's.

THE Subscriber has as had an assortment of G. J. Gayler's.

Warranged Fire Proof Doub's Safes. During the past teater is neveral thousands of these Safes have been in use; neather the proof have, at different times, been thoroughly tested by fire, and NOT ONE, has at any time, failed to preserve its contents.

Gayler's Double Safe is a combination of two entire Bafe erected one within the other. Each Safe is made exclusively iron, and the best non conducting materials, no wood bein used in their construction. The composition with which exclaimed in perfectly fire-proof and the Patentee with for confidence offers them, as superior to any others yet invester. The inner and outer doors of each Safe are seen ed by the inproved extent detector locks, which cannot be picked or open

proved extent detector locks, which cannot be presented to the false keys.

Also, an assortment of Single Sales and Specie Chests, for sale at prices from \$15 to \$75 each.

All kinds of Book Sales and Specie Chests made to order.

S. ELV,

j5 lm c 71 Fulton street near Gold street.

MUSIC.

JOSEPH KAMMERER, Professor of Music, respectfully announces to his patrons and the puolic in general, that he has removed from 30 Crosby street to 125 Laurens street, where all orders for his Cotilion Band, to perform on parties, &c, in or out of town, will be received and promptly attended to. Orders for J. K. will also be received at Mrs. W. Dubois Music Store, No. 225 Broadway.

420 1m*re

FRENCH CHINA.

No. 4 SOUTH WILLIAM STREET, Up Staire.

A DALESME, Importer and Agent for Manufacturers, has
always on hand a large assortment for dinner and tea sets
in plain white and gilt French Forcelain, as well as dinner and
dearert plates, of all sizes, assorted dishes, soup tureens, covered
dishes, saida bowls, fruit baskets, custards and stands.

Also, Tea and Chocolate Ware, Greek, French and American shape.

can shape.

All the articles are warranted of the best quality, and to be old on liberal terms, and in lots to suit purchasers. a27 6m.

THE SUBSCRIBERS are now prepared to sell Watches and Jewelry as low, if not lower, than any other house in the city, to wit:—Gold Watches from \$15 to \$100 each; silver do, from \$5 to \$50 each. All watches warranted to keep good time or the money returned. Watches, Clacks, and Musical Boxes repaired and warranted, lower than any other house in the city. Second hand watches and old rold and siver taken in exchange, or benght for cash. THO MPSON & F1511-ER, Importers of Watches and Jewelry, wholesale and retail, No. 331 Broadway, New York.

AMOS R. THOM: SON, RICHARD F18HER.

MAGNIN'S

AMOS R. THOMPSON,
RICHARD FISHER.

MAGNIN'S

LUCINA CORDIAL,

Is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, impotency, lucorhae or writer, obstructed, difficult of painful menar aviton, inconstinence of nice or involuctary discharge thereof, and for the general prostret on of the system, whether the result of inherent causes or produced by irregularity, illness or accident. It is pleasant to the taste and positively sure in its operations. Its unrevalled reputation in both hemispheres is the result of its almost superastural virtues.

Nothing can be TNO ONE DESCAIR.

Nothing can be TNO ONE DESCAIR of the weakness and lastitude before taking it around a flicted with weakness and lastitude before taking it around a flicted with weakness and lastitude before taking it around a flicted with weakness and lastitude before taking it around the summan frame of the manual product and first of energy under its influence. It immediately more accurated to the record of the formation of the only cause of barrenness; and which, prior to Dr. Michais the only cause of barrenness; and which, prior to Dr. Michais the only cause of barrenness; and which, prior to Dr. Michais the only cause of barrenness; and which, prior to Dr. Michais the only cause of barrenness; and which, prior to Dr. Michais decision not do justice to the ments of the Lucius Cordial, which is caused by the heads of the faculty in all parts of the would, as one of the most important medical discoveries of any age.

Sold, wholeasle and read, in this city, at 125 Futton street, corner Nassau. Price 3) per bottle, \$21 per dozan.

THE Subscribers have associated with them JOHN OG-DEN WOODRUFF EDWARD R. COLLINS & CO. New York, January 1st, 1811. dil-co.

THEOLOGICAL COCK FIGHT.

The Rev. Peter Polemic to the Rev. Paul Anybody.

the same.

Being, however, willing to fall in with the prevailing spirit of the times, I propose to discuss, in that mild an olerant spirit so remarkably exhibited of late on similar ubjects, the following propositions, which I am ready to naintain against all comers, to wit:

subjects, the following propositions, which I am ready to
maintain against all comers, to wit:

There can be no church without a steeple;
No congregation without people.

Preliminary, however, to entering on the discussion, it
will be necessary to settle the following points:
1st. What is a church?
2d. What is a church?
2d. What is a congregation?
4th. What is a people?

*As soon as these indispensable ground works of the argument are settled, to the satisfaction of all parties, I am
prepared to enter the lists, on foot or on horseback.

Yours, &c. PETER FOLEMIC.

LATEST FROM ALBANY.—That fast line, Pomeroy
& Co., have given us Albany papers of Thursday.

Co., have given us Albany papers of Thursday

Latest from Albany.—That fast line, Pomeroy & Co., have given us Albany papers of Thursday. In a few days we shall be able to tell how far these are ahead of the mail.

New YorktLegislature.—In Assembly.—The Speaker ahnounced the following Standing Committees:—Ways and Means—Messers. Hoffman, Bosworth, L. Lee, Burt, Davis. Canals—Messers. Symour, M. L. Harris, Linn, S. Cole, Dickinson. Judiciary—Messers. Allen, Sampson, Stevens, Hazen, Palmer. Railroads—Messers. Allen, Cole, Dickinson. Judiciary—Messers. Allen, Sampson, Stevens, Hazen, Palmer. Railroads—Messers. Allen, Roddington, M. H. Johnson, Mead, Riddle. Banks—Messers. West, Jeremish, G. B. Warren, Seamans, I. R. Sandford. Two-Third Bills—Messers. Stevens, Hulburd, Barker, Horton, Waters. Colleges, Academies, &c.—Messers Hulburd, Carr, Proudfit, Lounsbury, S. Smith. Grievances—Messers Field, Noyes, Barker, Sutton, Brown. Privileges and Elections—Messers. Findlay, Hannum, Edwards, R. W. Clark, Medbery. Aliens—Messers. Davis, Reynolds, P. H. Warren, Nickles, Sperry, Towns and Counties—Messers Cochrane, Mann, L. Wilson, Roe. A. Wright. Claims—Messers. Gorham, M. H. Johnson, Burhans, Spencer, Alvord. Internal Affairs of Towns and Counties—Messers. Burt, Coffin, Childs, Huntington, Whipple. Medical Societies—Messers. Carlisle, D. H. Smith, Turner, Simmons, D. Lee, Citles and Villages—Messers. Redington, Williams, E. Wilson, Spickerman, Veeder. Salt—Messers. Hutchinson, Grant, Stimson, E. Johnson, Wahhams, Trade and Manufactures—Messers. L. Lee, Burbank, Ross, J. Smith, L. Clerk. State Prisons—Messers Suydam, Carpenter, Finney, Thompson, Hall. Engrossed Bills—Messers. Hubbell, Hume, Sherrill, Flanders, S. Smith, Militia—Messer, Stone, Kinney, Seveney, Reith, Davis, Roads and Bridges—Messers. Simons, Empey, Grow, Rossman, Cee, Fublic Lands—Messers, Youngs, Herton, Gates, Benedict, Shaw. Indian Affairs—Messers. McConnell, R. W. Smith, Spickerman, Avery, Flanders, Charitatle and Religious Societies—Messers. Sampson, Hofman, Seymour, Stevens, Lungen, Tuthill, Arnold

Messre, Insworth, Sampson, Rosman, Seynord, Stevens, Lunatic Asylum-Messrs, Sampson, Rossman, E. Sanford, Linn, Douglass.

Suspected Murden.—From our Correspondent—An affair occurred in Harpswell the past week, which has occasioned considerable excitement in that vicinity. The circumstances, as I learn, are as follows:—A young woman (unmarried) by the name of Curtis, about four weeks since became the mother of a fane healthy boy—but refused all the interrogations of the attending physician, Dr. Bliss, to acknowledge who was its father. The mother and child were doing well till a few days since, when Dr. B. administered medicine for a slight cine the child was taken vomiting and lived but three or four hours. Suspicion of foul play was suspected, and the stomach and intestines of the child were examined by Dr. McKeen, who gave it as his opinion that arsenic had been taken by the child, and that its death was caused thereby. Dr. Bliss has been arrested on complaint of the coroner, and an examination before a Justice of the Peace, is to take place on Tuesday. Since the death of the child, the mother has on oath testified that Dr. Bliss was its father. Dr. B. is a married man, and since his residence in Harpswell, has sustained an irreproachable character; and if he is innocent, it is hoped that it may appear so on the investigation.—Portland Argus, Jan. 9.

thus remarked, I proceed to speak of the libel itsell. No one can peruse it without a feeling of sorrow and regret that, in this community, a lady—thewlife of anyindividual—can be assailed as wantonly as it strikes me she was in this case. I can hardly conceive of an apology for such an attack upon a lady, when there was not the possibility of provocation on her part—who had given no of fence personally, and who was libelled merely because she was connectedwith one offensive to the individual who perpetrated the libel. I have, myself, viewed with exceeding regret and sorrow the liberty taken by some of the public presses of the city, to arraign the character and motives of private individuals, and without stint those of persons occupying public station, without the least possible regard to truth. But I make a distinction, and I think it exists in the mind of my fellow citizens, in relation to the enormity of the offence of an individual who assails the repose of private individuals, and individual who assails the repose of private families—disturbs the private relations of lifethose consolations which we most highly appreciate—out domestic relations and domestic consolations. There is no shadow of excuse: it is not to be tolerated that a man, because he possesses a public press, can march into a family, aronse unkind and injurious feelings there, and disturb those relations which should be ever held most sacred and inviolable. Cases of that kind—offences of that character—should, in my opinion, be visited with exemplary punishment, not merely by the imposition of a fine-because an individual who has wealth may go on and libel with inpunity, but also, and in pursuance of and in strict conformity to the principle adopted by this Court, and which the Court is obligated to carry out with honorable and consistent regard to its own rules and principles, by the individual who has wealth may go on and libel with inpunity, but also, and in pursuance of and in strict conformity to the principle adopted by the complainant cupying public station, without the least possible regain to truth. But I make a distinction, and I think it exists in the mind of my fellow citizens, in relation to the enormity of the offence of an individual who assails the repose of private familics—disturbs the private relations of life—those consolations which we most highly appreciate—our domestic relations and domestic consolations. There is no shadow of excuse: it is not to be tolerated that a man, because he possesses a public press, can march into a family, arouse unkind and injurious feelings there, and disturb those relations which should be ever held most succeed and involable. Cases of that kind—offences of that character—should, in my opinion, be visited with exemplary punishment, not merely by the imposition of a fine—because an individual who has wealth may go on and libel with impunity, but also, and in pursuance of and in strict conformity to the principle adopted by this Court, and which the Court is obligated to carry out with honorable and consistent regard to its own rules and principles, by the infliction of incarceration. In this case, while the defendant has pleaded guilty to a libed which no one can regard without sorrow and abhorrence, he has introduced an affidavit containing a great variety of matter in relation to the course pursued by the complainant in this case; and certainly if the Court were at liberty to animadvert upon that they would speak of it with equal severity. I can, however, only allude to that part of it which alludes directly to Mr. Beach, and which exhibits the application to him of every epithet which human ingeauity could almost devise, calculated greatly to exasperate his feelings, and act on his family. But that does not in my indgment at all justify the attack on Mrs. Beanett. Had the libel been one against Bennett himself (his would have presented entirely a different case. In these circumstances I have been in favor of carry ing out the principle has been adopted in another court, in which one of them has

Thomas Walker formerly salesman to Thomas McDonough, an auctioneer in Chatham street, testified that Plunkett brought to the store goods, consisting of different articles, on the 6th of June, which were sold and fetched about \$30 Plunkett bought some of the goods in, and run the others up to a high price.

A number of respectable citizens were called to testify to the good character of the accused as an honest and upright man.

committed.

The jury retired for about an hour and a half, and being aummoned to render a verdict, stated that they could not agree, nor was there any probability of being able to do not in respect to it, and were discharged by the Court from inter consideration of the subject.

The Grand Inquest.—The grand jury came into Court with a number of bills of indictment found by them, and, after they were handed to the Court, retired.

The Court adjourned till Monday next at 11 o'clock.

Alderman Tillou observed that he research ness.

Mr. Barrett, as the prosecuting officer, remarked that he would not press the charge any farther, and would of himself move that the mate Benson be forthwith released from the custody of the Marshal. He was led to move for this onithe ground that he had been furnished with affidavits setting forth that Bragg had aided Linden in resisting the captain and mate, and had squarred off at the mate when he interfered to prevent him. Also, that while the character of Benson was excellent, that of Bragg was notoriously bad.

Benson was immediately released from custody.

Common Pleas.

Before Judge Ulshoffer.
FRIDAY, Jan. 12.—Ludlow and Chilton vs. Longworth.—
In this case, reported in the Herald of Wednesday, the
Court granted a nonsuit on the ground that sufficient evitence had not been adduced to sustain the cause of ac-

Court granted a nonsuit on the ground that sufficient evidence had not been adduced to sustain the cause of action.

Hugh Caldwell vs. William Moir—This was an action brought by the plaintiff, who is a Surgeon of considerable repute, to recover compensation from the defendant, whis a milkman, for services rendered in curing him of a club foot. The evidence on the part of the plaintiff was chiefly to shew that the cure had been complete, and was performed skilfully and in a scientific manner. One of the Surgeons (called as to charges, testified that the cure was worth from three to four hundred dellars.

The defence unsuccessfully sought to show that the amount cleimed, which was \$113.75, including medicines &c., was anotyercharge. An offset of \$30.00, in the shape of a milk bill, was presented and allowed by the plaintiff, while the defence allowed that \$13 were due to medicine.

The jury, after a short charge from the Court, the chief point being as to the value of such services, rendered everything, \$81.40.

The Court is adjourned for the term.

said—officers attend to your duty—arrest the first man that you see hissing.

Order was at length restored, and

All. Peary, without rising from his seat, read in a low tone a paper containing the following remarks:

The libel to which the defendant please guilty, is certainly a gross one, attention, as it does, the character of a female. The palliatory can be contained to the contained the lady the libel.

24. The defendant made a full retraction of the libed in his paper, in which he does justice to the fair character of the lady libelled.

25. The affidavit in mitigation of punishment, presented by the defendant, shows that the Herald, edited by the husband of the lady who was abused, previous to this libellous article, had frequently attacked the defendant as well as his family in agross and abusive manner, character of the fair character of the latest in the Herald, that this story against the lady did not originate with the defendant, towas in circulation in other quarters previous to the publication by the defendant of the lady was in circulation in other quarters previous to the publication by the defendant in the late of the latest in the Herald, that this story against the lady did not originate with the defendant, towas in circulation in other quarters previous to the publication by the defendant of the lady was in circulation in other quarters previous to the publication by the defendant with the defendant publication in the defendant retailating upon the Editor of the Herald and publication in the defendant that was not previous to the publication in the defendant retail at the public area of the court of chancery of the court of chancers the fail of the publication of the court of chancers of the court of court of the la